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YOUNGER MEMBERS OF MORMON CHURCH ARE URGED TO STAY AT HOME

President Smith Makes This Thought Keynote of His Opening Address at Great Mormon Church Conference.

RESOURCES OF UTAH AND ITS ADJOINING STATES

Beautiful Tributes Paid by the Head of Church and His Remaining Counselor to the Deceased John Rex Winder.

DEEP INTEREST IS SHOWN

The keynote of the first day's session of the April Mormon conference, which began yesterday, was the effort made by all of the speakers to impress upon the people, especially the desirability of remaining at home, rather than scattering to distant countries, and to aid in the upbuilding of Utah and the intermountain region. All of the speakers told of the wonderful possibilities of Utah and of the benefits to be derived by the taking up of land in this and surrounding states.

Plans for home industries and consumption of home-manufactured goods were included in the remarks, the idea being that there had been too much of the wanderlust spirit prevalent.

At both general sessions yesterday the speakers dwelt especially on the matter of home building, and the desirability of the young people remaining at home, rather than scattering to the four winds and seeking locations elsewhere. In this connection stress was laid upon the important resources of Utah and the adjacent states, and the several speakers exhorted their hearers to stay in the home state, and to aid in the upbuilding of the state and western country.

People from not only Utah, but from all the United States and a few from abroad, are in attendance at the conference, and it is freely predicted that the present gathering will be the most successful and profitable in the history of Mormonism. The interest shown at the sessions yesterday was most favorably commented on by the speakers, all of whom expressed their great pleasure at being privileged to address such large congregations. As usual, the sessions were unusually well attended, and there was beautiful music, and a spirit of church interest and enthusiasm was evident on all sides.

There were two general sessions yesterday, at 10 o'clock in the morning and at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, in the Tabernacle, with overflow meetings afternoon and evening in Assembly hall, and last night the annual conference of the Deseret Sunday School union was held in the Tabernacle, attended by a vast concourse of teachers and Sunday school workers from all over the state, and many from other states, who were drawn to Salt Lake to attend the annual conference.

Two General Sessions Today. There will be two general sessions today in the Tabernacle, at 10 and at 2 o'clock, and this evening the general priesthood meeting will be held at 7 o'clock. No sessions will be held tomorrow, the final meetings being set for Wednesday, the closing day of the annual conference.

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THE SALT LAKE TRIBUNE

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INCLEMENT WEATHER DOES NOT INJURE ATTENDANCE

About Five Thousand Persons Are Unable to Gain Admittance Either to Tabernacle or Assembly Hall Meetings.

OTHERS EXPECTED TODAY

Let the nations be gathered together and let the people be assembled.

People of Mormon faith from all parts of the world are expected to be present at Salt Lake for the conference as they never gathered before. Inclement weather had an discouraging effect on the conference visitors yesterday. Thousands walked to and from the tabernacle in sleet and snow and seemed to pay no heed to the weather. Many were absent upon securing a seat, preferably in the Tabernacle, but it was not under the dome of the great edifice, they turned to the Assembly hall, and many others were expected today.

THREE MEN KILLED, ONE BADLY INJURED

Tragic Balloon Accident at Stettin, Germany---One of the Victims a Member of the Reichstag.

STETTIN, GERMANY, April 3.—The German balloon Pomern, which made an ascension here this afternoon, met with a series of accidents which ended in a disaster in the Baltic Sea under most tragic circumstances.

Three men lost their lives, including the radical member of the Reichstag, Werner Hugo Del Brueck.

Herr Del Brueck and another member of the party were drowned, a third occupant of the car was picked up unconscious and died from his injuries, while the fourth was rescued in a serious condition.

The Pomern, carrying Del Brueck, who was acting as pilot; a banker, Herr Sommelhardt; an architect, Herr Benduhn, and a man named Hein, ascended early in the afternoon at the gas works. The wind at the time was blowing a hurricane, and the Pomern broke away before she had been completely inflated.

The chapter of accidents began immediately. The balloon collided with telegraph wires, which broke, almost over the gas works. Then dashed against the roof of a neighboring factory, destroying the smokestack. With the basket swaying wildly and half of its ropes cut, the balloon soared to a great altitude, and disappeared in the clouds at sunset. Thousands of onlookers, including a detachment of soldiers, which had assisted in the ascent, ran along the roads, expecting the basket to break away. Then dashed the balloon was not seen again until it reached Swinemunde, thirty-six miles northwest of Stettin, over which it passed, at a height of 6,000 feet, in the direction of the sea.

Tugs followed in its track, and one of them, which had outdistanced the others, was almost directly under it when suddenly the balloon fell into the sea. The tug steamed to the spot quickly, but the

PRESIDENT TAFT'S SUNDAY SPEECH IN THE EXTREME

Visits "Aunt Delia" Torry in Massachusetts---Makes Speech to Trainmen.

Worcester, Mass., April 3.—President Taft put in a busy Sunday today with a visit to "Aunt Delia" Torry and the scenes of many boyhood reminiscences at Millbury and an address here this afternoon before the joint meeting of the brotherhoods in train service—a mass meeting of nearly 2,000 railroad employes—at Mechanics' hall.

The President declared he believed in labor organizations. But as chief magistrate of the nation, he added, he believed also in the right of every man to labor as he will, so long as he does not harm others, and if he so chooses, to stay out of labor organizations. The President's first assertion was greeted with a wild outburst of applause. His second statement received only a scattering response.

Later, however, the President again aroused the railroad men to enthusiasm by saying he believed their organizations were necessary to deal with organizations of capital and by detailing his deep interest in legislation looking to further requirements of the railroads and to the liability of the employer.

The President motored the six miles from Millbury to Worcester this afternoon and the entire city turned out to bid him welcome. He rode at the head of the procession of some fifty or more machines that had been driven to Millbury to greet him. The route through the city was

President Will Defend Administration Against Attacks of Enemies Who Try to Stultify His Policies as Executive.

RUMORS OF CHANGES IN CABINET UNCONFIRMED

Vacancy in Supreme Court Caused by Death of Justice Brewer May Be Filled by Appointment of Gov. Hughes.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The Taft administration is about to defend itself aggressively before the people of the United States. Convinced that the public mind has been impressed by attacks upon the administration, the president has decided to permit to pass unanswered without injury to his prestige, the party leaders have decided to "carry" the war into the enemy's country.

President Taft is now declared to be ready and anxious to assume the offensive. The opening guns will be fired next Saturday by resolution by the President in person, and in Chicago by Attorney General Wickham.

Mr. Taft will speak in this city on the subject of organization and he will be supported by other powerful orators of the Republican party. Attorney General Wickham's subject will be the policies of the administration. Other speakers on the platform with Mr. Taft will be Senator Lodge, Representative McKinley of Illinois, chairman of the Republican congressional committee; Representative Duncan McKinley of California, and John Hays Hammond.

Leaders Are Interested. Nothing has created so much interest among Republican leaders in Washington since the inauguration of Mr. Taft as the plan now circulating to defend the administration. The facts are to be brought out about the operation of the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill and it is expected that legislation will be called upon to answer the friends of the administration with some concrete evidence if this subject is to continue to be an issue in the campaign.

The party, it is said, expects confidently to close the session of congress in a factious manner, and the party postal savings, anti-injunction and conservation legislation to its credit. In addition, it is hoped that a statement will be issued showing a very great saving has been made in governmental expenditures.

It is being said by party leaders about the issue of "Cannism" beyond the statement that this question will be taken up at the highest time. The only explanation vouchsafed for this comment is that Speaker Cannon seems to be that an effort will be made to strengthen the cabinet in a political way. Among the retirements of Secretary MacVean, of Postmaster General Hitchcock, also, it is said, Mr. Ballinger may resign from the interior to make room for William J. Loeb Jr., former secretary to Mr. Roosevelt and now collector of customs in New York.

No one in the confidence of President Taft, it is said, would be surprised if

CONFERENCE OF LEADERS

Senator Beveridge a Discordant Element in Republican Councils in Indiana.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 3.—To prevent a contest on the floor of the Indiana Republican convention next Tuesday over the adoption of a platform endorsing the Payne-Aldrich tariff, conferences were held here today by leaders of the party.

Senator Beveridge, who voted against the tariff bill and who is a candidate for re-election next year, is opposed, it is said, to the convention endorsing the law; but he and his supporters are in favor of passing resolutions declaring in favor of the principle of protection, that being as far as they care to go.

It is authoritatively stated that they will carry into the convention, if necessary, their fight against a resolution endorsing the Payne-Aldrich measure. To prevent such an exposure of factional division in the party, which it is feared would have an ill effect upon the fortunes of the Payne-Aldrich law, the convention next fall, the leaders are inclined to avoid, in the convention, any discussion of the Payne-Aldrich law.

Yet there are several influential leaders who not only believe that President Taft's administration should be endorsed, but also believe that the Payne-Aldrich law should be commended as a step toward fulfillment of the pledge that there should be a downward revision of the tariff.

PINNED IN TREE-TOP

Son of Canadian Millionaire Killed in Auto Accident.

San Jose, Cal., April 3.—John Anson Howard, said to be the son of an Ottawa millionaire, was killed this morning when an automobile which he was driving plunged from a mountain road sixteen miles from Delmondo, and lodged in the top of a tree. Howard was pinned in the branches and lived only long enough to bid good-bye to his only companion, ex-Mayor Robert F. Johnson of Monterey, who escaped unhurt.

INQUIRY BEGINS TODAY

Charges of Congressmen Against Marine League and Other Ship Subsidy Supporters.

Washington, April 3.—An inquiry into the activity of an alleged ship subsidy lobby will be begun tomorrow by a committee of five members of the House, appointed by Speaker Cannon, and headed by Representative Olcott, Republican of Wisconsin. The committee is expected to go into all the charges that have been made along this line and to ascertain to what extent intimidation of members of Congress has been attempted.

The investigation was ordered by the House judiciary committee following the filing of charges by Representatives Steenerson of Minnesota and Lenoir and Kusterman of Wisconsin, Republicans. These members detailed how a newspaper and personal letter campaign had been conducted with the apparent purpose of forcing them into supporting a ship subsidy bill. Representatives Steenerson and Kusterman complained that they were accused by this alleged lobby of working in the interest of foreign ship lines.

ROOSEVELT WOULD VISIT THE POPE

Says That Conditions Imposed by Holy Father Are Such as He Cannot Accept.

ROME, April 3.—The audience which it was believed former President Roosevelt would have with the pope on Tuesday next will not take place, owing to conditions which the Vatican has imposed and which Mr. Roosevelt refused to accept.

Although the definite negotiations relative to the audience ended before Mr. Roosevelt left Egypt, the announcement was withheld until after Mr. Roosevelt reached Rome tonight, at the solicitation of his American Catholic friends here, who believed in the meantime the Vatican might change its attitude.

One of the former president's American friends, who had been with him in Egypt, came to Rome yesterday without authorization from Mr. Roosevelt and interviewed with Cardinal Merry del Val, the papal secretary, in an endeavor to avoid a situation which, as it now stands, has caused a real sensation in Rome, although it was not entirely unexpected. But his efforts were unavailing.

While at Gondokoro, in February last, Mr. Roosevelt wrote to Ambassador Lehmann, saying he would be glad of the honor of an audience with King Victor Emmanuel and the pope. The audience with the king was promptly arranged. Before an arrangement could be reached relative to an audience with the pope, several telegrams were passed, and the negotiations were ended by Mr. Roosevelt's refusing in any way to be limited as to his conduct and announcing that an audience with the pope under the circumstances was now impossible.

But Few Engagements. As a matter of fact, Mr. Roosevelt, while declining to accept any conditions in connection with his audience with the pope, has neither directly or indirectly before, during or after the negotiations made or considered any engagements in Rome except those of an official character, and he actually entered Rome tonight with but two definite engagements—the audience with the king and the dinner to be given in his honor by the municipality.

The history of the negotiations is about as follows: While in Cairo, Mr. Roosevelt received the following telegram from Ambassador Lehmann, dated March 23: "Mr. Kennedy, rector of the American Catholic college, in reply to an inquiry which I caused to be made, requests the following communication to be transmitted to you: 'The holy father will be delighted to grant an audience to Mr. Roosevelt on April 5, and hopes that nothing will arise to prevent it, such as the regretted incident which made the recognition of Mr. Fairbanks impossible.'"

Replying by cable to Ambassador Lehmann on March 25, Mr. Roosevelt said: "Please present the following to Mr. Kennedy: 'It would be a real pleasure for me to receive the pope, but for whom I entertain high respect, both personally and as the head of a great church, I cannot accept the proposition to receive or not receive whomsoever he chooses, for any reason that seems good to him, and if he will not receive I shall not for a moment question the propriety of his action. On the other hand, I, in my turn, decline to make any stipulations or to subscribe to any conditions which in any way would limit my freedom of conduct. I trust on April 5 he will find it convenient to receive me.'"

Certain Terms Made. On March 25 Mr. Roosevelt, at Cairo, received a cablegram from Ambassador Lehmann giving the message from Mr. Kennedy, which concluded by saying: "The audience cannot take place except on the understanding expressed in the former message."

The following day Mr. Roosevelt sent another message to the American ambassador, saying: "The proposed presentation is of course now impossible."

Mr. Roosevelt particularly desires that the incident shall be regarded by his friends, both Catholic and Protestant, in America, as a matter of personal preference, and give rise to no acrimonious controversy.

With this end in view, he called today the following statement to the Rev. Lyman Anstett, editor of the Outlook, at New York: "Through the Outlook, I wish to make a statement to my fellow Americans regarding what has occurred in connection with the Vatican. I am sure that the great majority of my fellow citizen Catholics, quite as much as Protestants, will feel that I acted in the only way possible for an American to act, and possible for a man of my position. I am earnestly hoping that the incident will be treated in a matter-of-course way as merely personal preference, and that it will give the slightest exhibition of rancor or bitterness."

"Among my best and closest friends are many Catholics of the highest respect and regard of those of my fellow Americans who are Catholics are as dear to me as the respect of my fellow Protestants. Just how a Protestant mission, as I look forward to telling my people at home all that has been done by Protestants and Catholics."

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RECIPROCITY TREATY WITH CANADA WILL BE ARRANGED

Meeting of Representatives of the Two Countries to Take Place Shortly.

Washington, April 3.—Within two months, according to the present plans of the administration, there will be a gathering in Washington or Ottawa of representatives of the American and Canadian governments for the purpose of negotiating a reciprocity treaty between the two countries.

The felicitous exchange between Secretary Knox and Minister Fielding of Canada, which concluded the recent tariff agreement, contained an implied promise that an effort would be made to reach an understanding on broad lines that might settle for all time the various issues regarding land and water boundaries, the fisheries, the preservation of the seals and finally the tariff relations.

Most of these matters are of concern purely to the two principals, but the developments in the negotiations relative to the tariff are awaited with the greatest interest by nearly all of the European powers, which may be depended upon to make instant demands for any concessions of special value that may be made by the United States to Canada, vice versa.

As the extension of the concessions to all nations would result in making them practically valueless to the two countries involved in the negotiations, it begins to appear that the President and

Sir Wilfrid Laurier will be obliged to devise some eulogic arguments on which to base a refusal of the concessions to third parties.

The task will be made the more difficult for the reason that the German and French tariff arrangements are terminable within periods of three months and are based upon the understanding that no other country shall be accorded a tariff rates lower than those set out in the agreements. Just how a reciprocity treaty can be framed with Canada that will avoid the objection that it gives Canada preference in the problem that the tariff expert board will have to face.

CRISIS AT HAND.

Oxnard, Cal., April 3.—A bulletin issued tonight says the condition of ex-Senator Thomas Hard, who is suffering from inflammation of the lungs is slightly improved. It is expected, however, that the crisis will come tomorrow.